# CALIFORNIA'S HEALTHY SOILS INITIATIVE

CALIFORNIA WATER BOARD'S WATER QUALITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE

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#### **CALIFORNIA DROUGHT**

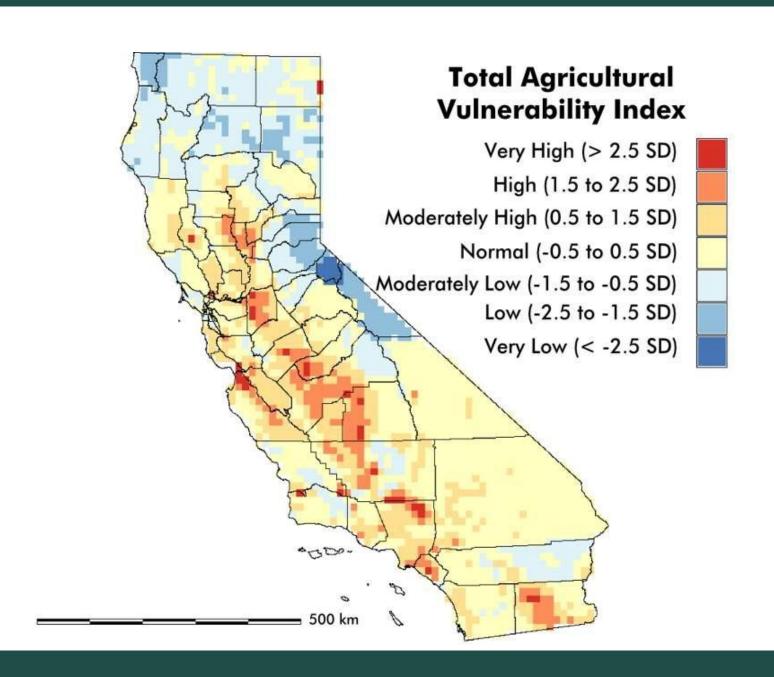
- **2014** 428,000 acres (173,200 hectares) out of production
  - Direct cost agriculture \$1.5 billion
- **2015** 540,000 acres (218,500 hectares) out of production
  - Direct cost to agriculture \$1.8 billion
- **2016** 78,780 acres (31,500 hectares) out of production
  - Direct cost to agriculture \$550 million

#### Climate Change Vulnerability

Vulnerability Index uses 4 sub indices:

- 1. Climate
- 2. Crop
- 3. Land use
- 4. Socioeconomic

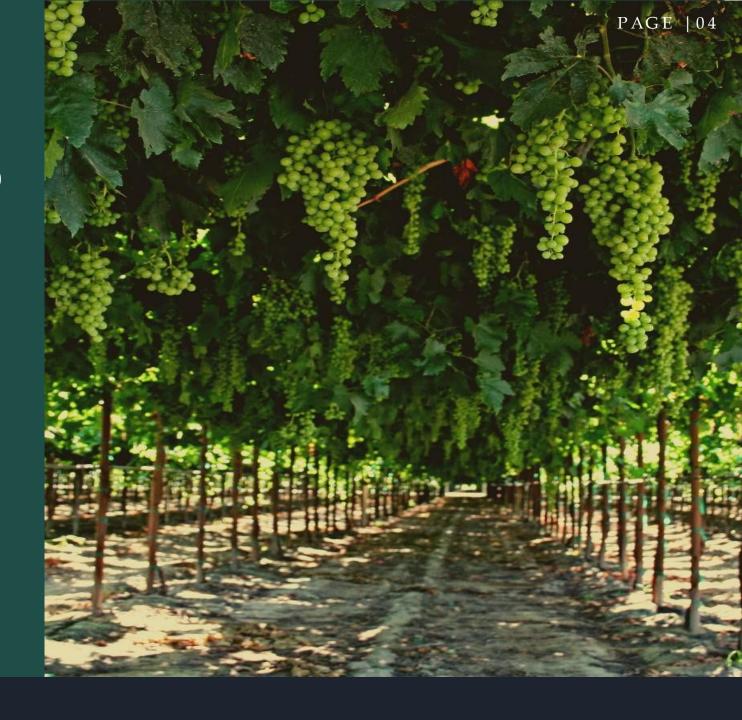
Study by Jackson et al. UC Davis with funding from CEC



#### Climate Smart Agriculture

Climate Smart Agriculture is an integrated approach to achieving greenhouse gas (GHG) reductions while also ensuring food security in the face of climate change.

- Sustainably increasing farm productivity and incomes.
- Adapting and building resilience to climate change.
- Reducing/removing greenhouse gas emissions, where possible.



# \$180 million

investments in Climate Smart Agriculture Programs since 2014



Dairy Digester Research & Development Program





State Water Efficiency Enhancement Program



Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Program



Alternative Manure Management Program



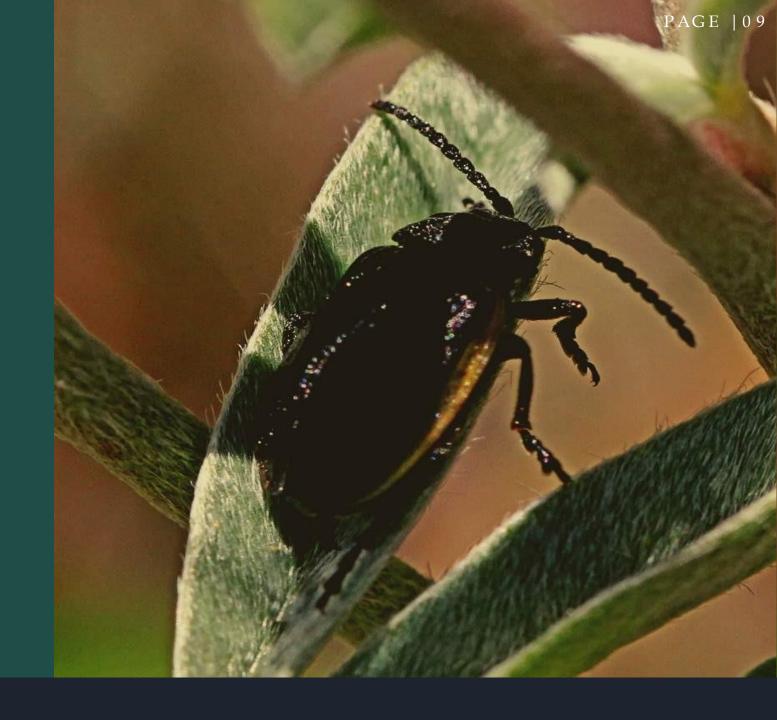
# Actions for Healthy Soils Initiative

- Protect and restore soil organic matter in California's soil
- Identify sustainable and integrated financing opportunities
- Provide for research, education and technical support
- Increase governmental efficiency to enhance soil health on public and private lands
- Promote interagency coordination and collaboration



# HEALTHY SOILS AND PEST MANAGMENT

- Healthier soils produce crops that are less damaged by pests
- When stress is alleviated, a plant can better resist pests
- Healthier soils harbor more diverse and active populations of soil organisms that compete with, antagonize and ultimately curb soil-borne pests





#### **HEALTHY SOILS AND** NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT

- Nutrient cycling: Soils with higher carbon and biological activity promote cycling of nutrients making nutrients available to plants and other organisms as needed
- Filtering contaminants: Healthy soils can reduce the amount of contaminants, (e.g. antibiotics or heavy metals) that enter the freshwater supply
- Study: Cover crops can reduce nitrate leaching losses by over 60%

http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=2387&context=usdaarsfacpub

# HEALTHY SOILS AND WATER MANAGMENT

- Greater holding capacity:
  Healthy soils have strong
  soil structure which results
  in an increased ability to
  hold plant-available water.
- Healthy soils loses less water to runoff and evaporation.
- Fact: Healthy soil can hold up to 18-20 times its weight in water!





#### Check in with YOUR growers about healthy, productive soils.

Soil Health Management Systems can help America's growers feed the nation and the world through sustainable conservation practices. The guide below provides an at-a-glance view of specific sustainability benefits associated with soil health improving practices. It is important to note that not all practices are applicable to all crops, Some operations will benefit from just one soil health practice, while others may require additional practices for maximum benefit,

By following four basic soil health principles, producers can improve their soil health and sustainability:

- 1. Keep the soil covered as much as possible
- 2. Disturb the soil as little as possible
- 3. Keep plants growing throughout the year to feed the soil
- 4 Grow a variety of plants to diversify soil

#### How does it help environmentally and economically?

Soil Health Management Systems include:		DECREASES PEST PRESSURES	IMPROVES NUTRIENT USE EFFICIENCY	IMPROVES WATER QUALITY	CONSERVES WATER	IMPROVES PLANT HEALTH	IMPROVES WATER EFFICIENCY TO CROPS	SAVES NON- RENEWABLE RESOURCES	IMPROVES AIR QUALITY	INCREASES PLANT POLLINATION
Conservation Crop Rotation  Growing a diverse number of crops in a planned sequence in order to increase soil organic matter and biodiversity in the soil.		<b>€</b>	<b>⋖</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>⋖</b>	<b>⋖</b>	V	V	€
Cover Crop  An un-harvested crop grown as part of planned rotation to provide conservation benefits to the soil.		€	V	<b>⊘</b>	V	<b>⊘</b>	€	<b>⊘</b>	<b>⊘</b>	<b>⋖</b>
No Till  A way of growing crops without disturbing the soil through tillage.				€	<b></b> ✓	<b>⊘</b>	€	<b>⊘</b>	<b>⊘</b>	
Mulch Tillage Using tillage methods where the soil surface is disturbed but maintains a high level of crop residue on the surface.				<b>⋖</b>	V	V	V	V	V	
Mulching  Applying plant residues or other suitable materials to the soil surface to compensate for loss of residue due to excessive tillage.		<b>⋖</b>		V	V	V	V		V	
Nutrient Management  Managing soil nutrients to meet crop needs while  minimizing the impact on the environment and the soil.			<b>⋖</b>	<b>⊘</b>		<b>⋖</b>	<b>⋖</b>	V	V	
Pest Management  Managing pests and promoting the growth of healthy plants with strong defenses, while increasing stress on pests and enhancing the habitat for beneficial organisms.		<b>⊘</b>	€	<b>Ø</b>		<b></b> ✓	<b></b> ✓	<b></b> ✓	€	<b>⋖</b>

# SANO FARMS

Firebaugh, CA



"...our goals: to improve soil, fuel and equipment economies,...and water capacity. We've also seen improved yields and quality."

- Alan Sano and Jesse Sanchez











### Healthy Soils Incentive Program

HSI creates incentive and demonstration programs to build soil carbon and reduce agricultural greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

# \$7.5

# MILLION

allocated to CDFA to develop the HSIP program

96

projects have applied for funding in the latest rounds

